# SORT CORRECTLY



# PLASTIC PACKAGING

# YES, empty and dry household plastic packages

- Plastic food packaging (e.g. yoghurt cups, butter tubs, cheese packaging and ready-meal trays
- Retergent, shampoo and soap packaging
- Other household packaging (e.g. plastic bottles, cans, jars, tubes, packaging for toys, tools, garden and fishing gear etc.)
- Plastic bags and wrappers
- EPS or Styrofoam packaging

### NO

- Mixed waste, construction waste or very dirty plastic packaging
- Any material other than plastic packaging (no cardboard, glass, metal, wood)
- Other plastic products or plastic packaging used in companies
- Packages that contain traces of dangerous substances (e.g. lighter fluids, oils, fuels, paints, chemicals, medicines).
   Take these packages to the local hazardous waste disposal point.



# CARDBOARD PACKAGING

### YES

- Cardboard liquid packaging, such as milk and juice cartons, also aluminium-lined
- Cardboard packaging, such as cereal and biscuit packaging
- Paper bags
- Wrapping papers, such as copy paper wrappers
- Egg cartons and shells of kitchen towel rolls and toilet paper
- Corrugated cardboard and kraft paper

### NC

- Packaging that has not been rinsed and/or scraped from food residues
- Gift wrapping paper
- Bubble wrap and other plastic packaging fillings

# **GLASS PACKAGING**

### VEC

- Coloured and clear glass containers, bottles and jars; no other glass!
- Opal glass packages

### NO

- Drinking glasses
- Heat-resistant glass, such as oven pans and coffee pots
- Crystal, porcelain and ceramics
- Window and mirror glass

The above-mentioned glass products belong to mixed waste.

### Lamp bulbs and lights:

Recycle incandescent and halogen lamps/bulbs as mixed waste. Take energysaving lamps, fluorecent lights/tubes and LEDs to the collection point for electronic waste collection.



### **METAL**

### YES

- Cans and beverage cans
- Aluminium fluxes and foils
- Metal lids and caps
- Frying pans
- Candle metal shells
- Empty and dry paint cans
- Completely empty aerosol cans; the can is empty when it does not slush or hiss
- Other smaller objects, if most of it is metal

### N

- Batteries and accumulators
- Half-empty aerosol and paint cans
- Electrical devices
- Refundable cans → to the store

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### BIOWASTE

#### **YFS**

- Food scraps, fish bones and bones
- Solidified fats
- Coffee and tea grounds, tea bags and filter bags
- Small amounts of baking paper, tissues such as kitchen towel papers, napkins and handkerchief
- Plant parts and withered flowers
- Small amounts of raking waste

### NO

- Biobased liquids such as juices and milks → to the sewer
- Biodegradable diapers and sanitary napkins → mixed waste
- Medicines → to the pharmacy
- Cat litter sand, clay and bentonite
  → mixed waste
- Cat or dog droppings → mixed waste
- Chewing gums, ashes and cigarette ends → mixed waste



## **PAPER**

### YES

- Newspapers and magazines, advertisements, flyers, brochures and other similar printed matter
- Envelopes, including those with windows
- Copy papers, drawing papers and notebooks
- White paper bags

### NO

- Wet and/or dirty paper
- Cardboard
- Brown paper and paper bags
- Aluminium and wax papers
- Gift wrapping paper and other heavily coloured papers



# **MIXED WASTE**

### YES, all household waste that cannot be recycled in a separate waste collection, such as

- Hygiene products such as disposable diapers, tampons, sanitary napkins and cotton swabs
- Worn-out textiles and shoes
- Leather and rubber
- Drinking glasses and heat-resistant glassware, mirrors and window glass
- Porcelain and ceramics
- Vacuum cleaner bags
- Incandescent and halogen lamps and fuses
- Cooking oil in a tightly closed jar
- Ashes and cigarette ends
- Plastic products such as broken plastic toys, sledges, buckets, hoses, CDs and DVDs, video casettes
- Books

### NO

- Hazardous waste such as energy-saving lamps and bulbs, fluorescent tubes, batteries, accumulators, medicines, waste oils, solvents, paints, varnishes, aerosol cans, prsessure impregnated wood:
- Electrical devices
- Large amount of waste and large objects
  → take to the waste treatment centre

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# HAZARDOUS WASTE

- Mercury-in-glass thermometers
- Car batteries and car battery fluids
- Paints, varnish, glue, wax and solvents
- Pesticides and crop protection products
- Chemicals
- Waste oil and oil-spoled waste
- Medicines (to pharmacy)
- Batteries, energy-saving light bulbs and fluorescent tubes (can be delivered to some stores selling them)



# **ELECTRICAL DEVICES**

- Refrigerators, freezers
- Household equipment (microwave ovens, cookers, dishwashers, vacuum cleaners, coffee machines etc.)
- Consumer electronics (televisions, video cameras, radios etc.)

### MORE INFORMATION TO SORTING:

Additional fees will be included for any larger waste items placed next to your regular containers. With right sorting methods you can affect so that these costs don't rise. Furnitures, electronic and electrical devices, household hazardous waste, renovation waste or other larger items should be taken to Hevossuo Waste Treatment Centre.

Hevossuon jäteasema, Hevossuontie 50, p. 044 403 6420 Open on weekdays at 7am to 6pm

